

SHOW ALL WORK!!! Unsupported answers might not receive full credit. Furthermore, please give me EXACT answers.

Problem 1 [4.5 pts] Suppose that you're a baker preparing cupcakes for Saint Patrick's Day. On top of each cupcake, you wish to put a four leafed clover (no stem) made of green icing. Suppose that in the xy -plane the equation of the shamrock is $r = \sin(2\theta) + \frac{1}{4}\sin(6\theta)$, where the center of the circular top is the origin and units of distance are measured in inches. Suppose you want this four leafed clover to be $\frac{1}{8}$ inch tall, and you want to prepare 200 cupcakes.

(a). [1.5 pts] How much icing by volume (in in^3) is required for the whole cupcake production (all 200)? (Hint: the trig identity $\sin(\alpha)\sin(\beta) = \frac{1}{2}[\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$ as well as the double angle formula will be helpful.)

(b). [3 pts] Assume that the density of the icing is constant, i.e. $\rho(r, \theta, z) = c$. Given that $M_{\theta z} = 0$ (you need not do this computation), calculate the center of mass $(\bar{r}, \bar{\theta}, \bar{z})$ of one of the 0.125 inch thick shamrocks. You may just cite part (a) for part of the computation and use the formula $\int x \cos ax dx = \frac{x \sin(ax)}{a} + \frac{\cos(ax)}{a^2}$ without proof. Also note $32 \times 12 = 384$ and $144 \times 32 = 4608$.

Note: If you were given the proportion of powdered sugar needed (say it's half of the icing by volume) and the density of powdered sugar (it's $561 \text{ kg}/m^3$, or $.0202 \text{ lb}/in^3$), you can easily calculate just how much you sugar you need.

Problem 2 [5.5 pts] Consider the solid region D bounded by the sphere $\rho = 4 \cos \varphi$ and the hemisphere $\rho = 2, z \geq 0$.

- (a). [1 pt] Convert the equations for both of these surfaces to Cartesian (x, y, z) coordinates.
- (b). [1 pt] These two surfaces intersect in a circle, which itself is an intersection of (1) a cylinder parallel to the z -axis generated by that circle and (2) a plane parallel to xy -plane. Express the equations for both of these in spherical coordinates (“ $\rho =$ ” form). (Hint for (1): using cylindrical coordinates may be a good intermediate step).
- (c). [2.5 pts] In part (b) you found along the way the φ value that all points on the circle of intersection satisfy. Use this to find the volume of the upper half of D . Then, use this to find the volume of the total solid D (take the symmetry about the plane cutting the solid in half for granted; no proof necessary).
- (d). [2 pts] Write the volume of the solid as a sum of two integrals: one computing the volume of an “ice cream cone” (with “ice cream”) and one computing the volume of the part of a sphere with the aforementioned cone cut out. Then, compute that volume. This answer should match (c).