

Problem 3.6.16: Use the method of variation of parameters to find the general solution to the differential equation

$$(1) \quad (1-t)y'' + ty' - y = 2(t-1)^2e^{-t}, \quad 0 < t < 1,$$

given that $y_1(t) = e^t$ and $y_2(t) = t$ are solutions to the corresponding homogeneous equation.

Solution: We begin by considering solutions to equation (1) of the form

$$(2) \quad y(t) = u_1(t)y_1(t) + u_2(t)y_2(t) = e^t u_1(t) + t u_2(t),$$

where $u_1(t)$ and $u_2(t)$ are functions that are yet to be determined. We see that

$$(3) \quad y'(t) = e^t u_1'(t) + e^t u_1(t) + t u_2'(t) + u_2(t).$$

Viewing $u_1(t)$ and $u_2(t)$ as free variables, we see that we have 2 degrees of freedom, but we currently only have 1 constraint, which is that $y(t)$ satisfy equation (1). It follows that we can impose a second constraint, so we impose

$$(4) \quad e^t u_1'(t) + t u_2'(t) = 0 \quad (\Leftrightarrow u_1'(t) = -\frac{t}{e^t} u_2'(t) \Leftrightarrow u_1(t) = \int -\frac{t}{e^t} u_2'(t) dt),$$

from which we see that

$$(5) \quad y'(t) = e^t u_1(t) + u_2(t).$$

We now see that

$$(6) \quad y''(t) = e^t u_1'(t) + e^t u_1(t) + u_2'(t), \text{ so}$$

$$(7) \quad 2(t-1)^2 e^{-t} = (1-t)y'' + ty' - y$$

$$(8) = (1-t)(e^t u_1'(t) + e^t u_1(t) + u_2'(t)) + t(e^t u_1(t) + u_2(t)) - (e^t u_1(t) + t u_2(t))$$

$$(9) = ((1-t)e^t + te^t - e^t)u_1(t) + (t-t)u_2(t) + e^t u_1'(t) - te^t u_1'(t) + u_2'(t) - tu_2'(t)$$

$$(10) = ((1-t)(e^t)'' + t(e^t)' - (e^t))u_1(t) + ((1-t)(t)'' + t(t)' - (t))u_2(t) \\ + e^t u_1'(t) - te^t u_1'(t) + u_2'(t) - tu_2'(t)$$

$$(11) = e^t u_1'(t) - te^t u_1'(t) + u_2'(t) - tu_2'(t)$$

$$(12) \stackrel{\text{by (4)}}{=} -tu_2'(t) + t^2 u_2'(t) + u_2'(t) - tu_2'(t) = (t-1)^2 u_2'$$

$$(13) \rightarrow u_2'(t) = 2e^{-t} \stackrel{\text{by (4)}}{\rightarrow} u_1'(t) = -2te^{-2t}$$

$$(14) \rightarrow u_1(t) \stackrel{*}{=} te^{-2t} + \frac{1}{2}e^{-2t} \text{ and } u_2(t) \stackrel{*}{=} -2e^{-t}$$

$$(15) \rightarrow y(t) = te^{-t} + \frac{1}{2}e^{-t} - 2te^{-t} = \boxed{\left(\frac{1}{2} - t\right)e^{-t}}.$$