

# ECE 2300

Electronics Circuits  
and  
Electronics Devices Laboratory

Gregg Chapman

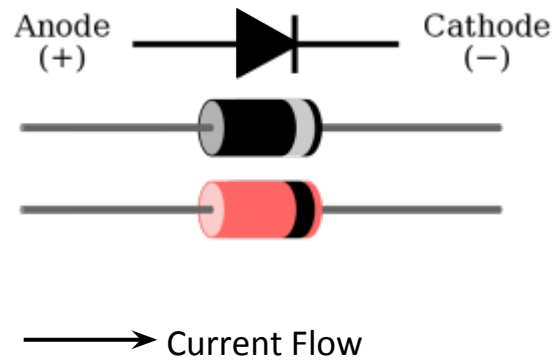
# Laboratory 6

## Diodes

# Background

- Diodes
  - Small Signal
  - Rectifiers
    - Half wave
    - Full Wave
  - Zener Diodes
  - Light Emitting Diodes (LED)

# Diodes



# Zener Diodes

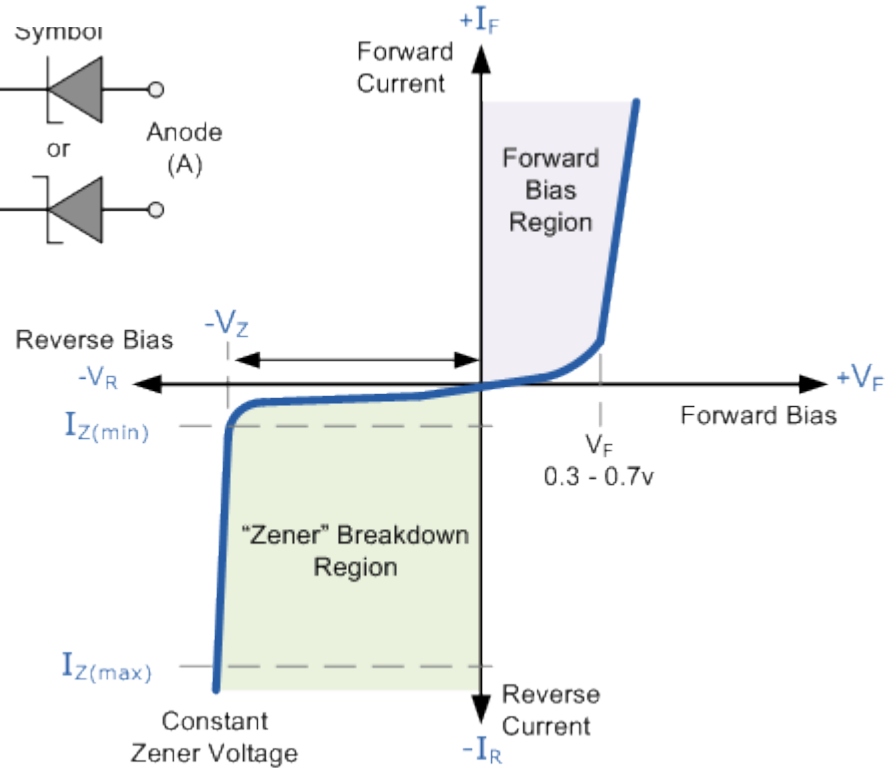
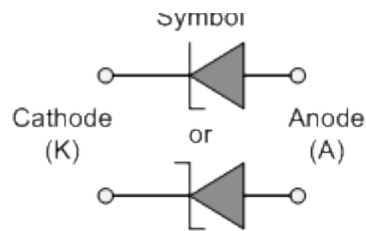
Appearance



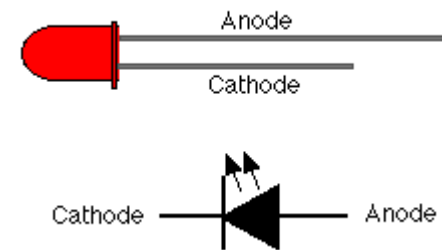
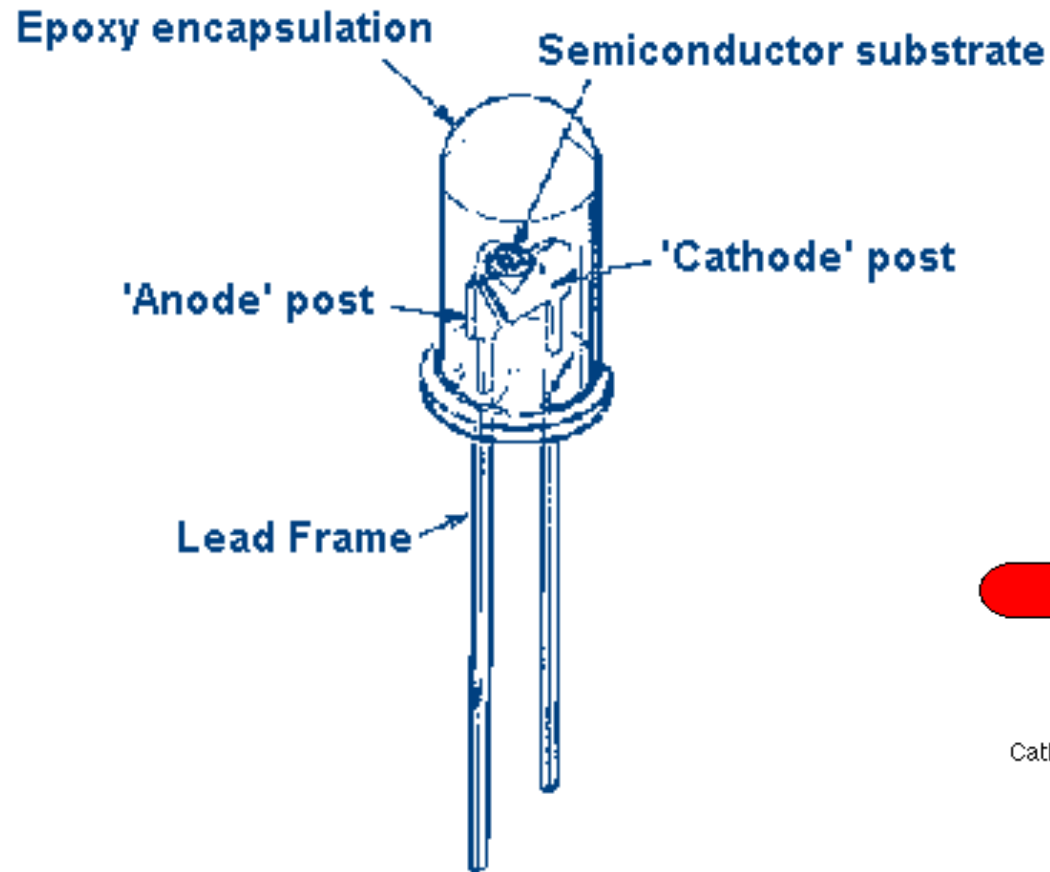
Schematic Symbol



Backwards current flow too, but only past the "zener" breakdown voltage



# Light Emitting Diodes



$$V_F = 2.2 V$$

# Lab Supplies

- Resistors

- 1 150 Ohm
- 1 1.00 Kohm
- 1 4.99 KOhm
- 1 10.0 Kohm

- Diodes

- 1 1N4001-T
- 4 1N4148G
- 2 1N5231BTR
- 1 WP3A8GD (Green LED)

- Transformer (From Lab Monitors)

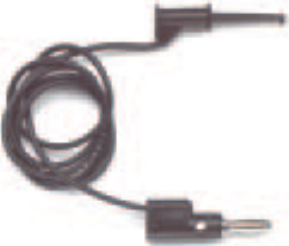
- 1 PE-5156XNL

# Lab Supplies

- Breadboard
- Oscilloscope
- Function Generator
- Power Supply
- BNC-to-Mini-grabber (2)
- BNC Cable
- BNC T-Adapter
- Banana to Mini-grabber, black (3)
- Banana to Mini-grabber, red (3)



# Cabling



# Test Set-up

- BNC T-Adapter on output of Function Generator
- BNC cable from T-Adapter to Channel 1 of the Oscilloscope
- BNC to Mini-clip from T-Adapter to the input
- BNC to Mini-clip from Channel 2 of the Oscilloscope to the output

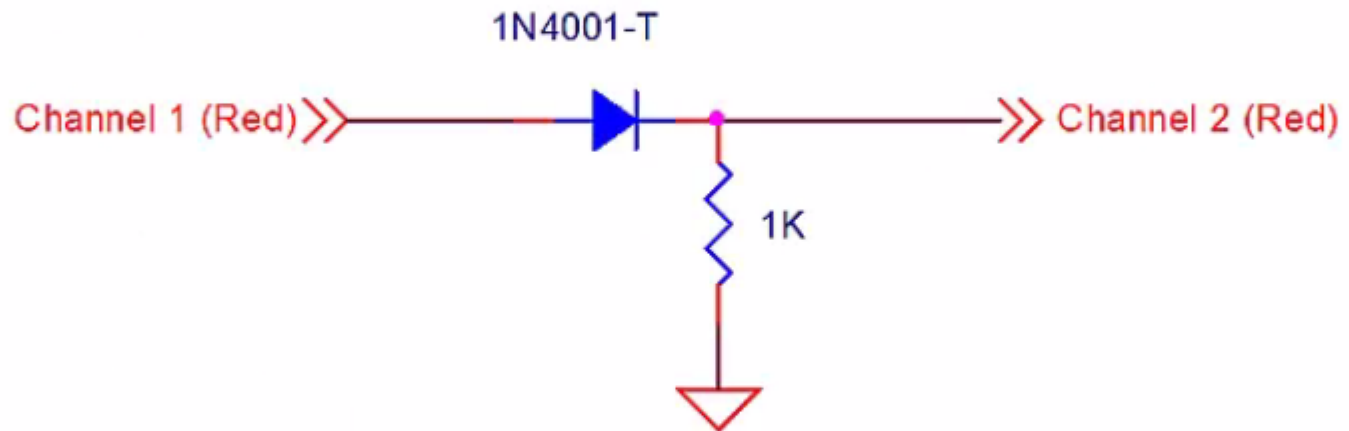
# Circuits

1. Half Wave Rectifiers (positive)
2. Half Wave Rectifier (negative)
3. Full Wave Rectifier
4. LED
5. Zener Diode
6. Zener Clipping Circuit

# Function Generator Setup 1a

- Sine Wave
- Begin with 5V peak-to-peak amplitude
- Offset should remain at 0V
- Begin with 100 Hz

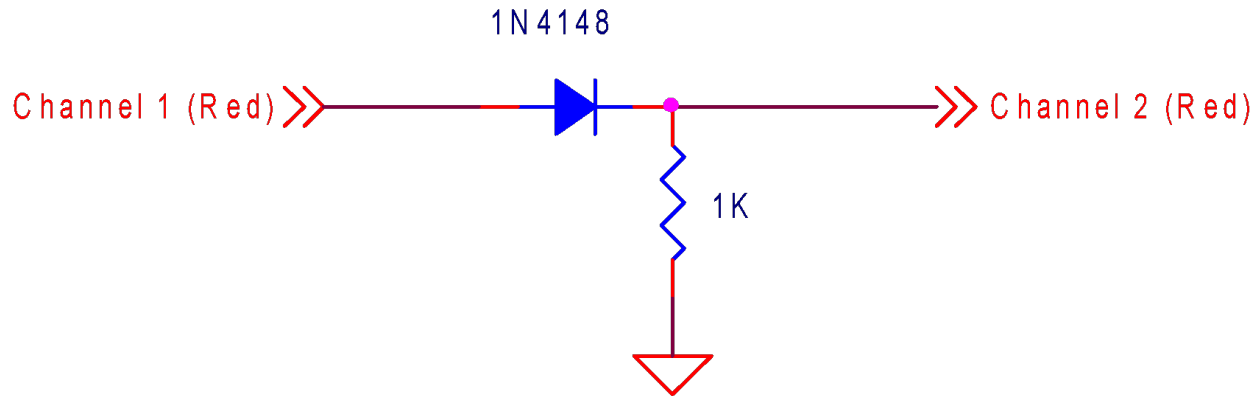
# Half Wave Rectifier 1a



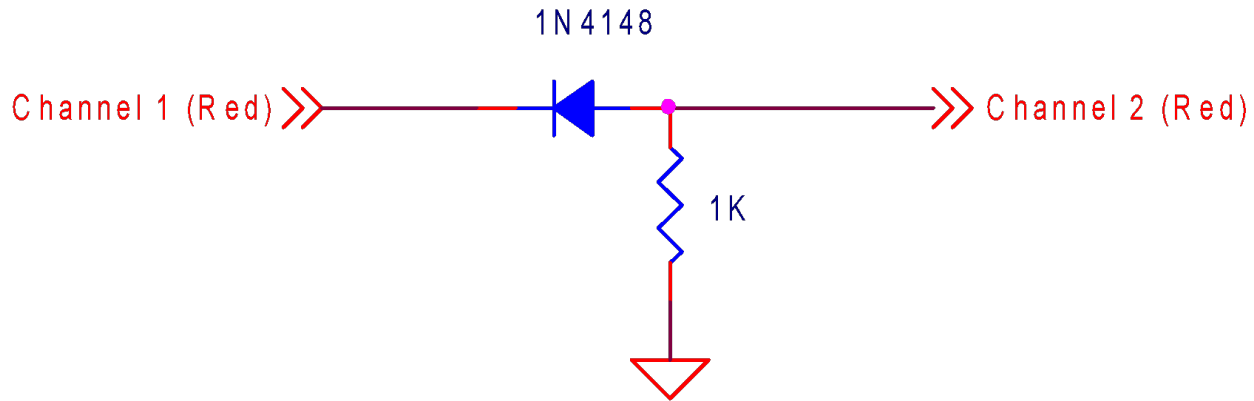
# Function Generator Setup 1b & 2

- Sine Wave
- Begin with 5V peak-to-peak amplitude
- Offset should remain at 0V
- Change frequency to 100 Kilohertz

# Half Wave Rectifier 1b



# Half Wave Rectifier 2





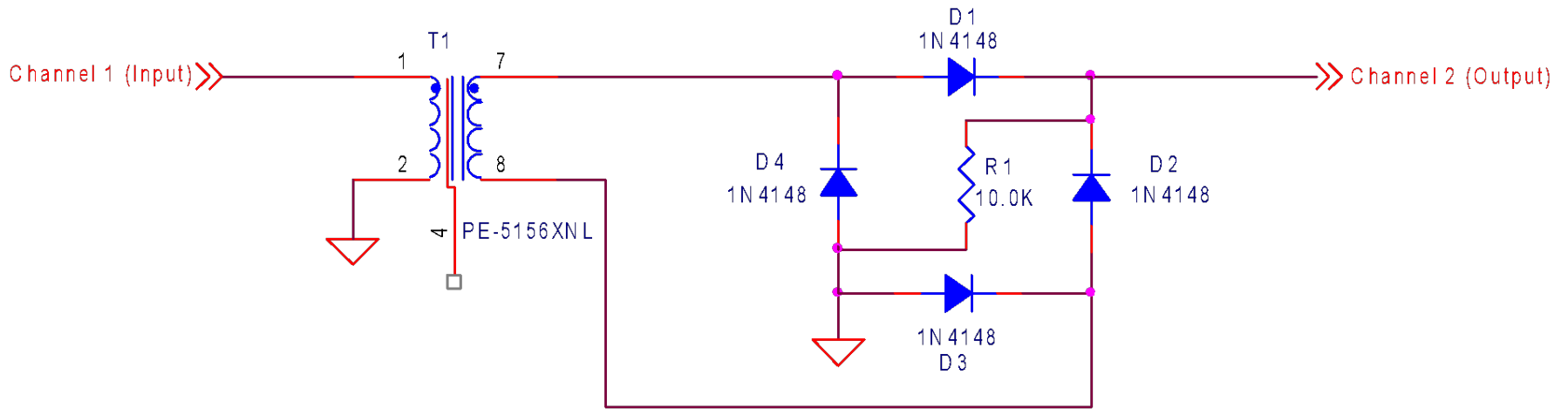
# Measurements

- Circuits 1a ,1b and 2 (Half wave rectifiers):
  - Peak voltages (input, output and difference) at specified frequencies (100 HZ or 100 KHz. See table)

# Function Generator Setup 3

- Sine Wave
- Begin with 5V peak-to-peak amplitude
- Offset should remain at 0V
- Change frequency to 10 Kilohertz

# Full Wave Rectifier



# Measurements

- Circuits 1a ,1b and 2 (Half wave rectifiers):
  - Peak voltages (input, output and difference) at specified frequencies (100 HZ or 5 KHz. See table)
- Circuit 3 (Full Wave Rectifier)
  - Peak voltages (input, output and difference) at 10 KHz
  - Ripple voltage with 0.1 uF capacitor in parallel with 10 Kohm Resistor

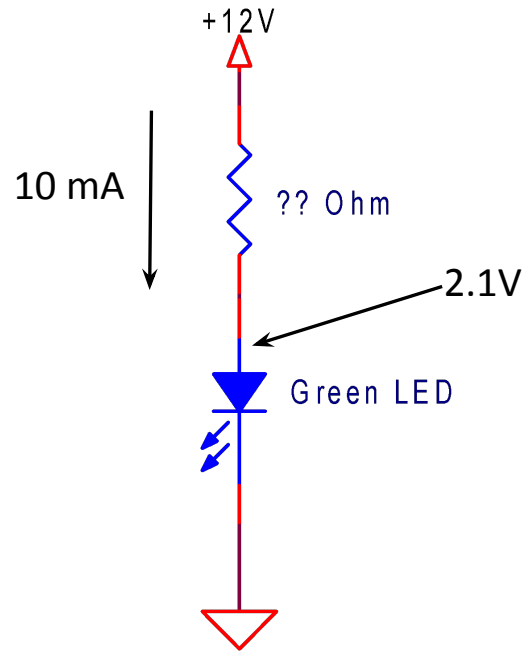
# Test Set-up

- +12V from Power Supply ( + output of dual section)
- Ground from Power supply ( Black connector of dual section)
- Digital Multi-meter

# Rigol DP1308A Triple Power Supply



# LED Circuit

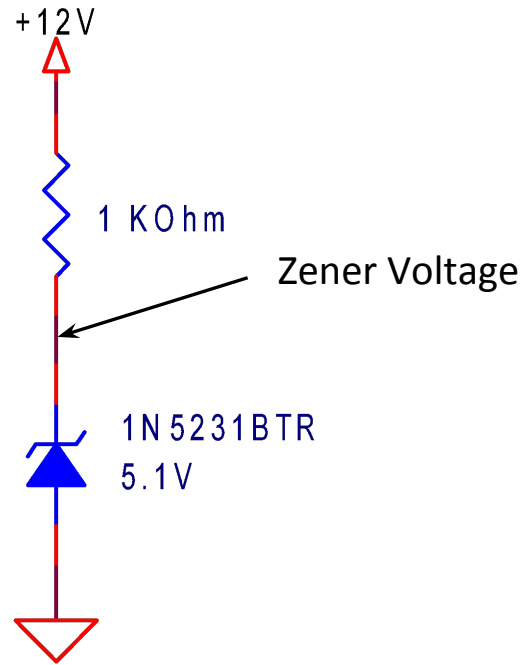


# Calculations

- Circuit 4 (LED)
  - Calculate resistor required for 10mA in the LED. Assume 2.1V for voltage drop across LED. (Use closest resistor value available in kit for circuit).



# Zener Diode



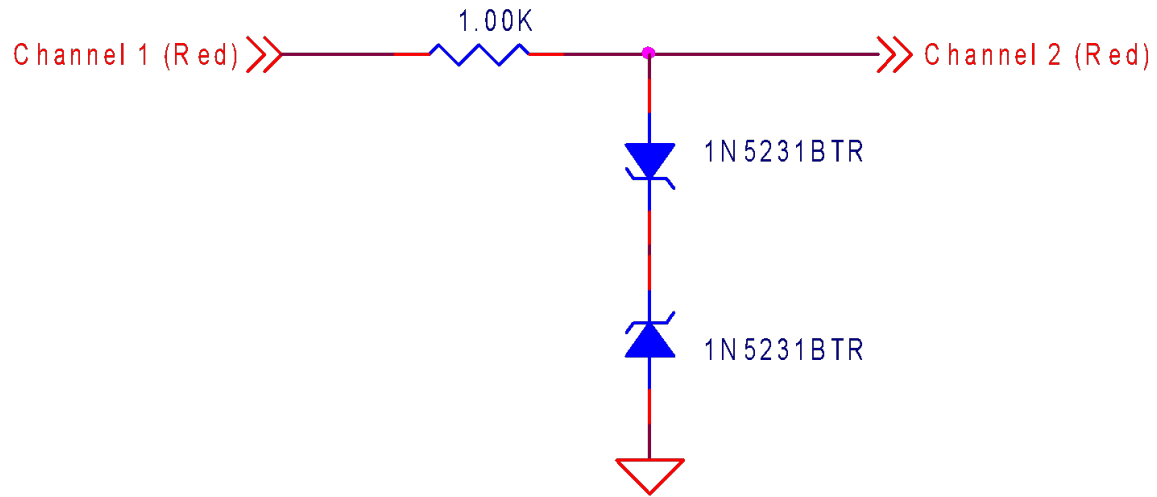
# Measurements

- Circuits 1a ,1b and 2 (Half wave rectifiers):
  - Peak voltages (input, output and difference) at specified frequencies (100 HZ or 5 KHz. See table)
- Circuit 3 (Full Wave Rectifier)
  - Peak voltages (input, output and difference) at 10 KHz
  - Ripple voltage with 0.1 uF capacitor in parallel with 10 Kohm Resistor
- Circuit 4 (LED)
  - Measure current through LED
- Circuit 5 (Zener diode)
  - Measure current and voltage across Zener for resistor values of 150, 1.00K and 4.99 K Ohms.

# Function Generator Setup 6

- Sine Wave
- 20V peak-to-peak amplitude
- 1000 Hz

# Zener Input Clipping

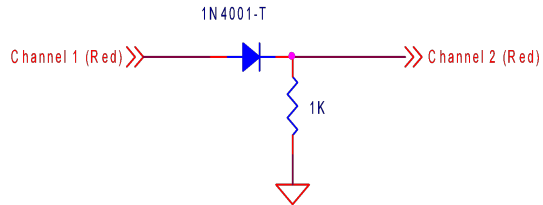


# Measurements

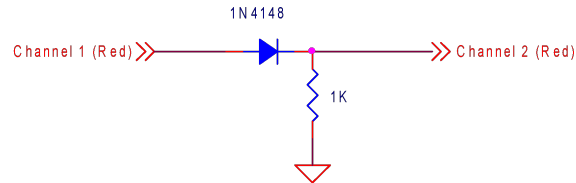
- Circuits 1a ,1b and 2 (Half wave rectifiers):
  - Peak voltages (input, output and difference) at specified frequencies (100 HZ or 5 KHz. See table)
- Circuit 3 (Full Wave Rectifier)
  - Peak voltages (input, output and difference) at 10 KHz
  - Ripple voltage with 0.1 uF capacitor in parallel with 10 Kohm Resistor
- Circuit 4 (LED)
  - Measure current through LED
- Circuit 5 (Zener diode)
  - Measure current and voltage across Zener for resistor values of 150, 1.00K and 4.99 K Ohms.
- Circuit 6 (Zener clipping circuit)
  - Measure maximum positive voltage and minimum negative voltage.

# Lab 6 Circuit Schematics

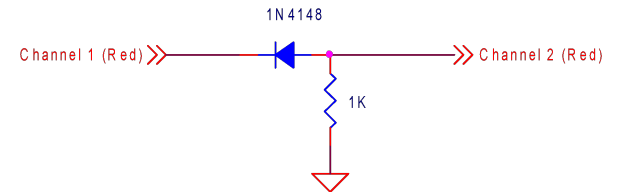
1a



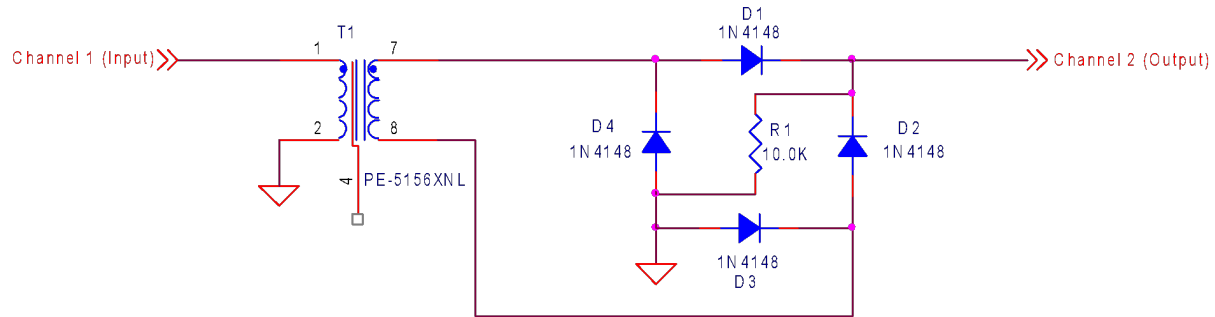
1b



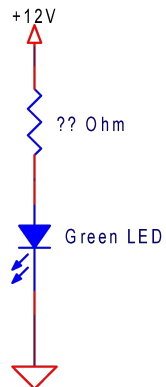
2



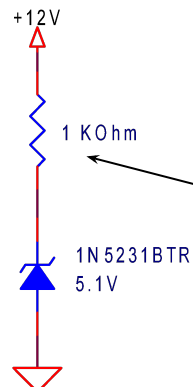
3



4

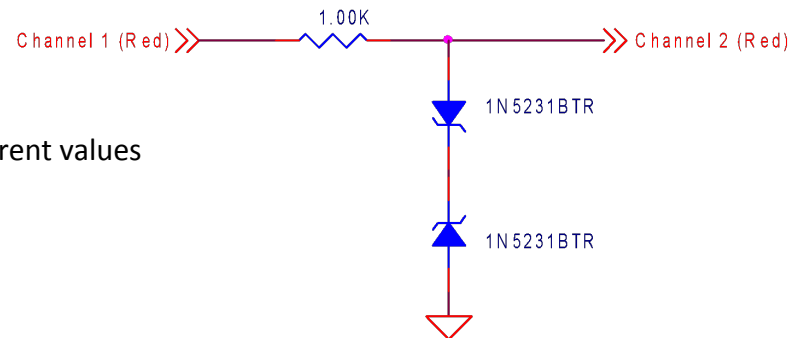


5



Three different values

6



# Lab 6 Results

## Rectifiers

Circuit	Test Frequency	Peak Voltage In	Peak Voltage Out	Voltage Difference
Half Wave Rectifier 1a	100 Hz			
Half Wave Rectifier 1b	10 KHz			
Half Wave Rectifier 2	10 KHz			
Full Wave Rectifier	10 KHz			

Circuit	Ripple (milliVolts)
Full Wave Rectifier with 0.1 uF Capacitor	

## Zener Diode Results

Resistor Value	Measured Current	Zener Voltage
150 Ohm		
1.00 KOhms		
4.99 KOhms		

## Zener Clipping Results

Saturation Voltage	Volts
Positive	
Negative	

## LED Circuit

Calculated Resistor (Ohms)	Current (mA)