## Another Virtual DAY in the WOODS

## Measuring the Trees in Your Woods

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Due to COVID-19 our May 8 \& June 12 programs will be offered virtually. Content \& login information will be available prior to the event at: u.osu.edu/seohiowoods Additional updates will be posted as needed.

Keeping yourself and your woodlands healthy
May 8 - Virtual Program Via Zoom

- Spring Migrating Birds (9 am)
- Health Benefits of Woodlands (11 am)
- Keeping woodlands healthy-Part $1(1 \mathrm{pm})$
- Keeping woodlands healthy-Part $2(3 \mathrm{pm})$

Tree and shrub identification
June 12 - Virtual Program Via Zoom

- Learn to use leaf characteristics to identify trees
- Explore a variety of trees virtually
- Get a downloadable free Leaf ID Key and leam
to use it
- Become familiar with phone apps and web sites
that can assist you with tree idensficaiton


## From trees to lumber

July 10 - Zaleski State Forest

- Learn to measure standing trees and log
- Understand how tree and log quality relate to the
quality and value of lumber
- Learn how trends in lumber and log prices relat
to the value of your trees
- Visit local log yards and sawmills to understand the process of tuming logs into lumber


## Mapping and legal Issue

 August 14 - ODNR Complex Zal. SF (9:00 -noon) Mapping and GPS- Learn about the wide array of tools that are available online to assist with your woodland management
Understand the capabilities of GPS phone apps for navigating and mapping in your woods
- Explore My Land Plan and other software that you can use to map your woodland and docu-
(Noon-4:00) Woodland legal issues
- Protect yourself from timber theft

Understand fence line \& recreational user laws
Become familiar with strategies available to ensure that your woodland legacy lasts into the future
For maps, directions and other information visit us at: u.osu.edu/seohiowoods

Woodland wildlife: Implications of our changing times
Sept. 11 - Vinton Furnace State Forest

- Explore trends in land use and the influence on Ohio's forests and wildifife populations Explore changes in age, structure and compo-
sition of Ohio's forests sition of Ohio's forests
- Leam how wildife populations impact forests - Understand the challenges Ohio's forests and
widdife are facing, such as climate change, invasive species, and disease


Tools and equipment for managing your woodlands and wildlife habitat October 9th - Hocking College
Leam how to select, safely use and maintain a chainsaw

- Understand how to safely operate your small
farm tractors and off-road vehicles
- Become familiar with hand tools commonly used in woodland and wildifie management

Building and maintaining woodland trails and roads
November 13 - Vinton Furnace State Forest - Leam how to design, layout and build trails

- Practice building new and maintaining existing recreational trails
Understand Best Management Practices (BMPs)


## Winter tree identification

December 11 - Vinton Furnace State Forest

- Learn to use buds and twig characteristics identify trees
- Recognize bark of common trees
-Identify trees using nuts, acoms and other clues that you can find on the forest floor


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## u.osu.edu/seohiowoods



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## https://ohioline.osu.edu/factsheet/F-62

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Using the Tree Measuring Stick
Kathy L.Smith, Extension Program Director - Forestry
David K. Apsley, Natural Resources Specialist

## https://ohioline.osu.edu/factsheet/F-35-02



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# Why measure trees? 

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- Woodland Management
- Product sale


# What should we measure? 

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## Woodland Management

- Age/Size Distribution
- Species/Forest Type
- Site Quality
- Growth Rate
- Tree Health \& Vigor
- Maturity
- Stocking and density-crowding


## Product Sale

- Volume of product
- Quality of product
- Estimated value of the product

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## Board Foot

"Board Foot" is a unit of volume used for forest products. A board foot is equal to 144 cubic inches of wood.
(Thickness x Width x Length) / 144 = Board Feet

A board 12" long x 12"wide x 1" thick = 144 Cubic Inches


How do we determine Volume in Board Feet of a tree?


## Trees Are Cylinders That Taper

- Measure length
- Measure diameter
- Estimate taper (tables adjust for this)
- Reduce for slab and kerf loss (tables adjust for this also)

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## Measuring Diameter

- Diameter is measured at breast height (d.b.h.) which is 4.5 feet from the ground (from the up-hill side of the tree)
- Tools to use
-Diameter tape
-Biltmore stick
-Caliper
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 Measuring Tree Diameter with a Biltmore StickDave Apsley
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## Measuring Height

Merchantable Height

- 1 log = 16 feet
- Measure to nearest $1 / 2$ log
- 1 foot above the ground
- 10 inch diameter top

Tools

- Clinometer

- Within a couple of feet
- Merritt Hypsometer - on tree measuring stick - Nearest $1 ⁄ 2$ log


## Measuring Merchantable Height (Merritt Hypsometer)




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# What is the unit of measure that equals? 

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## Doyle Log Rule

Published by Edward Doyle in 1825
For logs between 26 and 36 inches in diameter results can be pretty accurate.

- Underestimates smaller logs (over run)
- Overestimates large logs (under run)
(D-4) $\left.{ }^{2} / 16\right)^{*}$ L
if log is 16 feet simply (D-4) ${ }^{2}$


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## Comparison of Doyle and International

 $1 / 4$ " $\log$ Rules for 16 ' logs| Log Diameter <br> (Inches) | International 1/4 | Doyle | Doyle \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 40 | 16 | of International |
| 12 | 95 | 64 | $\mathbf{4 0}$ |
| 16 | 180 | 144 | 67 |
| 20 | 290 | 256 | 80 |
| 24 | 425 | 400 | 88 |
| 28 | 585 | 576 | 94 |
| 32 | 770 | 784 | 98 |
| 36 | 980 | 1024 | 102 |
| 40 | 1220 | 1296 | 104 |
|  |  |  | 106 |

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## Form Class

Ratio of Diameter Breast Height (dbh, outside bark) to Diameter Inside Bark (dib)at top of the first 16-ft log (inside bark).

Form Class 78 used most often:
Examples
$10-\mathrm{in} \mathrm{dbh}=7.8 \mathrm{dib}{ }_{17.3}$
$20-$ in dbh $=15.6$
30 in dbh = 23.4

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## Volume Table

Table that provides an estimate of the average volume of a tree using one or more tree dimensions

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Volume
Table

## TREE

scale

| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 014 \\ 4^{\prime}-6^{\prime \prime} \\ \text { ABOVE } \\ \text { GROUND } \\ \text { INCHES } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | number of if foot logs in tree |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1/2 | 1 | $11 / 2$ | 2 | $21 / 2$ | 3 | $31 / 2$ | 4 |
|  | GONTENTS in board feet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 |  |  |  |
| 14 | 30 | 50 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |  |  |
| 16 | 40 | 70 | 100 | 120 | 140 | 160 | 180 | 190 |
| 18 | 60 | 100 | 130 | '160 | 200 | 220 | 240 | 260 |
| 20 | 80 | 130 | 180 | 220 | 260 | 300 | 320 | 360 |
| 22 | 100 | 170 | 230 | 280 | 340 | 380 | 420 | 460 |
| 24 | 130 | 220 | 290 | 360 | 430 | 490 | 540 | 600 |
| 26 | 160 | 260 | 360 | 440 | 520 | 590 | 660 | 740 |
| 28 | 190 | 320 | 430 | 520 | 620 | 710 | 800 | 880 |
| 30 | 230 | 380 | 510 | 630 | 740 | 840 | 940 | 1040 |
| 32 | 270 | 440 | 590 | 730 | 860 | 990 | 1120 | 1220 |
| 34 | 300 | 510 | 680 | 850 | 1000 | 1140 | 1300 | 1440 |
| 36 | 350 | 580 | 780 | 970 | 1140 | 1310 | 1480 | 1640 |
| 38 | 390 | 660 | 880 | 1100 | 1290 | 1480 | 1680 | 1860 |
| 40 | 430 | 740 | 990 | 1230 | 1450 | 1660 | 1880 | 2080 |
| 42 | 470 | 830 | 1100 | 1370 | 1620 | 1860 | 2100 | 2320 |
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